

Migration has played in an important role work up to 20 hours per week during the in Irish history, it has shaped our history academic term and up to 40 hours during values and culture. Ireland became a the holidays. The English-language schoo popular destination for immigrants in the sector alone is estimated to contribute past many years due to its perceivably good €2 billion to the Irish economy, with over economy and its location as a gateway to 100,000 adult students enrolled in these Europe. According to the Central Statistics colleges, of which at least 60,000 originate Office (CSO), the number of non-Irish from South American countries. These nationals living in Ireland has increased individuals play a crucial role in the

Stamp 2 visas serve as a pathway for hospitality industry. students to engage in part-time work while studying in Ireland. They are permitted to

them for their sacrifice. significantly in the past two decades. hospitality and tourism industry, some would say they're the backbone to the

1.5 million adults and children leave Ireland due to famine.

40% of Irish-born people are living

Ireland joins the European Economic Community (now the European Union).

population.

construction laborers.

and welcome a large number of

immigrants.

the 'Brain Drain.'

1950s Ireland loses almost 15% of its

1980s Emigration increases significantly

due to mass unemployment, with unskilled, semi-skilled, and skilled workers leaving in droves.

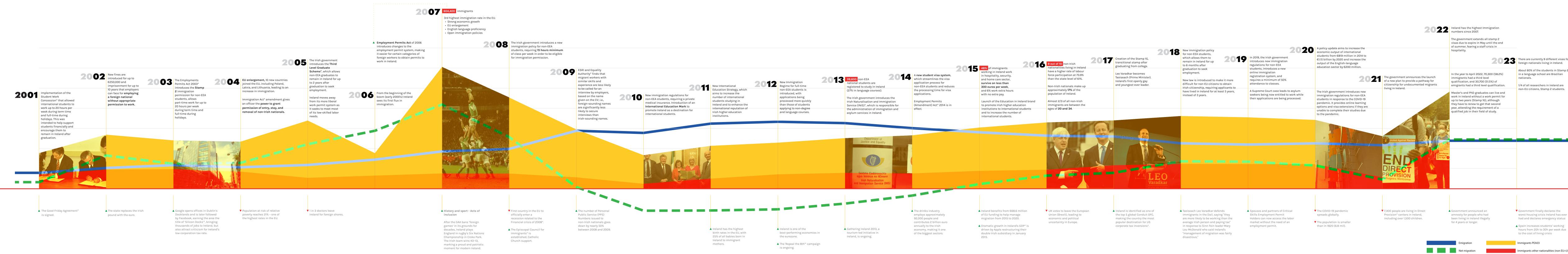
1/4 of all emigrants to England are

High levels of college graduates and academics leave, referred to as

1984

A group of young Dunnes Stores workers begin a strike in protest over South African apartheid, refusing to handle South African goods. The protest gradually gains international attention and the Government eventually bans food imports from South Africa in 1986. In 1990, the young women meet with Nelson Mandela, who thanks

Unprecedented economic growth





In Ireland, the student work concession in 2001 allowed redevelopment, with new office buildings, residential full-time students to work up to 20 hours per week during developments, and public spaces being built. the academic year and up to 40 hours per week during The growth of the Silicon Docks has had a significant summer months (May to September) without paying impact on the Irish economy, creating thousands of jobs income tax on their earnings up to a certain limit. and attracting investment from around the world. It has This concession was designed to help students cover their also helped to establish Ireland as a leading centre for living expenses while studying and gain work experience, technology and innovation. while also providing a boost to the economy by increasing

regulates the entry, presence, and activities of non-Irish The Good Friday Agreement, also known as the Belfast nationals in Ireland. Agreement, was signed on April 10th 1998 in Northern Under the Act, non-Irish nationals who wish to enter Ireland Ireland. It was an agreement between the British and must satisfy certain conditions, such as having a valid Irish governments, as well as political parties in Northern passport and visa, and providing evidence of financial Ireland, to help bring an end to the conflict known as "The means to support themselves during their stay. The Act Troubles" (a period of violence and political conflict that also sets out criteria for granting refugee status to those began in the late 1960s and lasted for decades). who are fleeing persecution in their home country. The Troubles conflict was primarily between those who wanted Northern Ireland to remain part of the United Third Level Graduate Scheme Kingdom and those who wanted it to be united with the The Third Level Graduate Scheme was introduced in Ireland

to two years after completing their studies to seek employmployment Permits Act 2003 ment in a related field. During this time, they are allowed

an Economic Area) nationals in Ireland.

Under the Act, non-EEA nationals who wish to work in Ireland. Ireland must obtain an employment permit before they

Financial crisis of 2008 There are different types of permits available, depending on The financial crisis of 2008 in Ireland was triggered by the the nature of the work and the duration of the employment. sudden and significant fall in the value of the housing and Some permits are only valid for a limited period of time, property market, which had been experiencing rapid growth

"Silicon Docks" is a term used to refer to the area around banking sector, which had become heavily exposed to the Grand Canal Dock in Dublin, Ireland, which has become a property market.

hub for technology companies. Many of the major Irish banks suffered significant losses. In 2003, a number of tech companies, including Google,

The financial crisis of 2008 had a profound and long-last opened offices in the Grand Canal Dock area. Over time, ing impact on Ireland, and the country's economy is sti more and more tech companies have moved to the area, recovering from its effects today.

entrepreneurship. The area has also undergone significant

The Immigration Act was passed in Ireland in 2004 and it In 2009, the Economic and Social Research Institute (ESRI) corporations setting up operations in the country. This and the Equality Authority in Ireland collaborated on a helped to create jobs and stimulate economic activity. research project to examine the extent of discrimination in the Irish labour market. The study found that discrimi- Tax inversions nation was a significant issue in the Irish labour market, In 2017, Ireland introduced new tax laws to prevent with evidence of bias against certain groups, particularly companies from using the country as a tax haven. The non-Irish nationals, and older workers. Discrimination was ___laws require companies that move their headquarters to

labour market, such as customer-facing roles. of where they are earned.

Irish Constitution, which effectively banned abortion in the in the global tax system.

including cases of rape, incest, and fatal fetal abnormality. aimed to improve the living conditions of asylum seekers in

2003 and it regulates the employment of non-EEA (Europe-permit. To be eligible for the scheme, graduates must have completed a degree or higher qualification from an who come to work in Ireland do not displace Irish or EEA complete their studies within the next six months. They must also have a valid immigration permission to stay in

residency permits, and citizenship, as well as handling applications for asylum and refugee status. The service and expansion (and a corresponding increase in lending also provides support and guidance to immigrants and refugees, including language and integration services Irish banks to fund property purchases) prior to the cris The crisis also had a significant impact on the Irish

law passed in Ireland that made changes to the system for

Ireland that works to support and advocate for immigrants, refugees, and asylum seekers in the country. Established in GDP

growth was foreign investment, with many multinational ESRI and Equality Authority

also found to be more prevalent in certain sectors of the lreland to pay taxes on all of their global profits, regardless

tions pay their fair share of taxes and prevent Ireland from In 2012, a campaign called "Repeal the 8th" was launched in being seen as a tax haven. The new rules were seen as a

> The 8th amendment, which had been introduced in 1983, End Direct Provision gave the unborn fetus an equal right to life as the mother, Solidarity with Asylum Seekers: The "End Direct Provision making abortion illegal in almost all circumstances, Solidarity with Asylum Seekers" campaign in Ireland in 2019

The INIS processes and approves applications for visas.

Employment Permits (Amendment) Act 2014 Thanks to team, Gabriela Cladellas, Heitor Laforga, Sophie The Employment Permits (Amendment) Act 2014 was a Ronan & Tamara Markey.

non-European Union (EU) workers to get work permits. The MA Design for Change class of 2024. changes made it easier for highly skilled workers to get permits in certain sectors and introduced harsher penalties

The Episcopal Council for Immigrants for employers who broke the rules. The aim was to make the The Episcopal Council for Immigrants is an organization in system more efficient and protect the rights of workers.

2006, the council is responsible for coordinating the Catho- GDP is a measure of the total value of goods and services lic Church's response to issues related to immigration and produced by a country in a given year. Ireland's strong GDP integration. The organization provides a range of services to growth was driven by a combination of factors, including immigrants, including pastoral care, counselling, and legal increased consumer spending, higher exports, and a

recovering construction sector.

Ireland with the goal of removing the 8th amendment to the positive step towards promoting fairness and transparency

the direct provision system. Asylum seekers had concerns Irish Naturalisation and Immigration Service —about overcrowded and poor-quality accommodation,

In 2013, the Irish Naturalisation and Immigration Service The campaign called for an end to the direct provision

Justice and Equality in Ireland. The INIS is responsible for government made some changes to the system, including managing immigration, asylum, and citizenship services in the country in the country.

This move was made to ensure that multinational corpora-

limited access to education, employment, and healthcare.

(INIS) was established as part of the Department of system and for better support for asylum seekers. The

One major factor contributing to Ireland's economic

You payment will captured at 20 hours max.

ensure you don't work over 20 hours per week.





students, especially those which hold Stamp 2 visas,